

Falmouth, August 23.—Arrived the Manchester packet, with mails from Malta and Gibraltar; sailed from Malta 12th of July, and from Gibraltar the 6th instant.

Plymouth, Aug. 24.—Arrived the Foxhound, from a cruise; and the American ship Swallow, from London, bound to America.—Sailed the Dryad frigate, with bullocks for the Channel fleet; the Hermes and Albicore sloops of war, Helicon and Orestes brig of war, on separate cruises; the Hotspur and Rota frigates for the coast of France.

Southampton, Aug. 25.—The Tenebris gives instructions to all vessels bound to the Gulf of St. Lawrence and Newfoundland.—The Prince of Wales, with the outward-bound convoy, remains.

Sheerness, Aug. 25.—The extra convoy of about 20 sail, for the Baltic, sailed this morning under convoy of the Tweed. The next regular convoy will sail about the 29th or 30th instant.

EAST INDIA SHIPPING.

Yesterday a Court of Directors was held at the East India House, when the undermentioned ships were taken up for the ensuing season, and thus stationed, viz.:

For Bombay and China—Charles Grant, Perseverance, new ship (building by Mr. Cumberland); Marquis of Ely, new ship Earl Camden.

For Madras and China—New ship (building by Mr. Sims); Euxine, new ship (building by Messrs. Sturtevant and Blant).

For St. Helena, Benccoolen, and China—Ceres.—For Prince of Wales's Island and China—Princess Amelia.

For China—Cumberland, Warley, Lowther Castle, Walmer Castle, Hope.

For Madras and Bengal—Metcalf, Rose, Baring, new ship Lord Nelson, Hugh Inglis, Lord Melville.

For Ceylon and Bengal—William Pitt, Marchioness of Exeter.

For Bengal—Carnatic (early), Streatham, Devonshire.

For Madras and Bengal—Devaynes, General Stuart (2d fleet), Huddart, Ocean.

For Bengal—Northumberland.—For St. Helena and Bengal—Sir William Palterney, Union.

The ships for Bombay and China, with the ships for Prince of Wales's Island and China, and St. Helena, Benccoolen, and China, are expected to be absent the 5th of October.

The Thetis and the whole of the Jamaica convoy arrived on Monday in the Downs. On the 6th inst. Commodore Rodgers's squadron were in sight of the enemy, upon which the Eolus, the Shannon, and the Beivida frigates, which were escorting it across the Atlantic, parted company, in chase of the enemy.

Windsor, Aug. 2.—Sunday afternoon the Queen and Princesses Augusta, Elizabeth, and Mary, went to Frogmore Lodge and Gardens, and drank tea, and at nine o'clock returned to the Castle.

The Princess Charlotte of Wales took an airing in her phaeton and greys, in the long walk, through the Plantation, and back to Frogmore. Her Royal Highness drank tea with the Queen and Princesses, and returned to the Castle with them.

Yesterday morning the Princess Charlotte of Wales rode on horseback with the Princess Augusta for two hours in the Great Park. After dinner the Queen and the Princesses went to Frogmore Gardens and drank tea, and returned to the Castle at nine.

This morning the Princess Charlotte of Wales took her airing on horseback with the Princess Augusta, through the rides in the Great Park. The Queen and the other Princesses took their morning airing in Frogmore Gardens.

Aug. 26.—Yesterday the Queen and Princesses spent their evening at Frogmore. The Princess Charlotte of Wales took her afternoon airing through the rides and plantations in the Great Park, in her phaeton and greys.

This morning the Princesses Augusta and Charlotte of Wales rode on horseback in the Great Park. The Queen and Princesses Elizabeth and Mary, went to the Princess Elizabeth's Cottage at Old Windsor, where the Princess Elizabeth will give an elegant dinner this day to the Queen, the Prince Regent, the Duke of York, the Princess Charlotte of Wales, and the other Princesses, except the Princess Sophia, who is not able to attend, but her Royal Highness is in a fair way of recovery.

The Prince Regent and Duke of York will come from Egham Races to the Cottage at Old Windsor.

Extract of a letter from an Officer with the army in Spain.

Villavieja, Aug. 2, three leagues from Valladolid. On the 30th we entered Valladolid; two squadrons of the 12th Light Dragoons had the honour of escorting Lord Wellington on his entry, and were the only British troops who entered the town; the reception was flattering, and if we were to trust to appearances, the people must have been in great joy.

His Lordship was received with all the honours of war, by Marquis's corps of Grenadiers, in the Plaza Mayor. The windows of the square were crowded with people, whose exclamations corresponded with the pedestrian spectators. The French left in the town 100 men, mostly sick and wounded, whom we took prisoners. Before their departure, they destroyed a large quantity of stores, waggons, arms, &c. and blew up the bridge over the Pisuerga, near the town. The bridge over the Duero, at Tudela, is also destroyed. King Joseph is watched by the 3d, 4th, and 7th divisions, the heavy German, and General D'Urban's Portuguese cavalry, which are very fine troops. Joseph is said to have 12,000, chiefly Spanish Jaramentados, but keeps very far away.

The General Officers on both sides have not been neglected by the balls. Marmont's wound is severe; the irritation of his mind increases it much. Gen. Ferrer died of his wounds at Almeida. The enemy are retiring towards Burgos and Aranda; from the former we are 18 leagues, and the latter eight. The Guisillas are active against stragglers and small bands; at Muges, four leagues hence, they killed seven, and took five yesterday. We

who have the advance, have but little spare time—we mount every morning at two o'clock, and pass sometimes 12 and 14 hours on horseback. A French Officer at Valladolid said the army never had so severe a business; that 20,000 men were placed hors de combat by it, and 16 pieces of cannon lost. How far we are to follow up, is a point upon which I dare not hazard an opinion.

French Prisoners.—As a proof of the good treatment of the prisoners of war in this country, the following comparative statement of those sick and in health will be the best answer to the calumnies of the Monitorer.

Thursday, Aug. 20.

Table with 2 columns: In Health, Sick. On board prison-ships in Hamaze 7,500 74. In Dartmoor Dept 6,100 41.

This small proportion of sick is not the common average of persons not confined as prisoners of war. At Dartmoor depots 500 prisoners, such as labourers, carpenters, smiths, &c. are allowed to work from sun-rise to sun-set; they are paid 4d. and 6d. per day, according to their abilities; and have each their daily rations of provisions, viz. a pound and an half of bread, half a pound of boiled beef, half a pound of cabbage, and a proportion of soup and small beer. They wear a tin plate in their caps, with the title of the trade they are employed in, and return every evening to the depot to be mustered.

The underwritten list of Field-Marshal is copied from the Monthly Army List, of 1798. It will, at least, serve to show, that it was not the original intention of the King to confine that rank to his own family.

Field Marshals.—Duke of Gloucester, Oct. 12, 1793; Duke of York, Feb. 10, 1795; Duke of Argyll, July 20, 1798; Stubbs, ditto; Marquis Townsend, ditto; Lord Fred. Cavendish; ditto; Charles, Duke of Richmond, ditto.

A detachment of the 11th and 13th Light Dragoons of about 200 men, embarked on Saturday morning at Portsmouth for Portugal; and on Monday about the same number of the 14th and 16th Light Dragoons embarked for the same destination.

The eight troops of the Life Guards, which are under orders for foreign service, will leave town on Monday week, for Portsmouth, where they will embark. The men are to have short blue jackets, short boots, just to reach above their ankles, with overalls; they are to have new saddles, on a lighter construction; and caps instead of hats, with their hair cut short.

Extraordinary Crop.—The article relative to the reproduction of a crop of wheat, from the stubble of last year, having excited the attention of many agriculturists, and particularly that of Sir Charles Merrick Burrell, President of the Sussex Western Agricultural Society, the worthy Baronet, in order to ascertain, beyond the possibility of doubt, the truth or fallacy of the account, wrote to Mr. Lewis, of Porton, the farmer to whom the extraordinary crop in question belongs, and, in consequence, received from him the following letter; and, as it authenticates a discovery that may prove of great importance to the pursuits of rural economy, we embrace the earliest opportunity of giving it publicity.

"Sir—I received your letter, dated West Grinstead Park, Aug. 7, concerning the statement which appeared in the London papers, of my having a field of wheat, raised wholly from the stems of the old stubble of bearded wheat, without fresh sowing. The account seems to you singular, and therefore to be doubted; but I assure you it is a real fact. The papers mentioned that the crop failed last year, but that was not true, for I had a very good fair crop, which I had cut early, so that there were not britches. I intended planting the same piece this year with a second crop, which sprung up from the old moors. I thought I would see what it would come to; there was nothing done to it; but I had it once over, now it has no heard to it this year, but appears a fine Lammas wheat, as we call it. I intend to begin reaping it next Thursday.

"I am, your obedient humble servant, W. Lewis."

The last ten days' fair weather has providentially put the abundant Harvest of England out of all danger. The wheat of the Eastern and Home Districts is entirely got in, and so it is throughout most of the Southern Counties.

Wednesday evening, a quarter before 11 o'clock, a most beautiful lunar hour, was observed from Leith, extending between the points N. and N.E. The convex part appeared of a dark grey, which became gradually brightened, till, near the concave edge, it was defined in a light appearing to flame, which by a well-defined line was separated from a fainter shade of a luminous appearance.

On the night of Tuesday's night, there was a tremendous thunder-storm at Moffat, with frequent and very vivid flashes of lightning. It is the neighbourhood of that place, the electric fluid set fire to a cottage, the roof of which was almost entirely consumed before the family awoke, and the poor persons had but just escaped from the flaming premises when a considerable part of the roof fell in.

The family, consisting of a husband, wife, and a considerable number of children, have lost their wearing apparel and furniture of every description. The tradesmen Gentlemen who, on the late illuminations, thought proper to break the windows in the house of Mr. Mist, in Fleet-street, are likely to pay very dearly for their amusement; as that Gentleman has commenced an action against them for 600l. which is the amount of the damage he has sustained.

Priddy fair, last week, was well supplied with cattle; two gangs of pick-pockets were discovered. Saturday night about twelve o'clock, as Mr. Harding, of the River Girlington, was returning from Germans-Wick, his horse suddenly plunged, ran off with, and threw him; by which he received so much injury, that he survived only till the next morning.

Monday as Miss M. Jones was running down the King's-Weston-hill, near Bristol, her foot slipped, owing to the dew upon the grass, and, falling upon her head into a quarry, her skull was fractured, which caused her death the following day.

Last week a lad about 12 years of age, was drowned at Coon-Hay, as he was endeavouring to draw up a puddle to fill one of the locks.

The Ludlites.—A letter, of which the following is a copy, has been received by the Home Secretary of State, from a Cheshire Magistrate.

"My Lord.—Yesterday several of the Ludlites from the neighbourhood of Mottram, the most disturbed in Cheshire, and bordering upon the Huddersfield neighbourhood, came before me, and took the oath of allegiance. I have reason to expect that numbers will follow their example; and under the conviction that your Lordship will be pleased to hear of the good effect of the late Act of Parliament, for preventing the administering unlawful oaths, and of the prospect that now opens of the serious alarms which, since the middle of February, we have been subject to, subsiding, I have taken the liberty of making the above communication. I have the honour to be, &c."

The Lord Provost and Magistrates of Edinburgh have issued a firm but temperate Proclamation, in consequence of the riots which took place last week, assuring the dealers that they may bring their grain and meal in safety to the market, as effectual means are taken for escorting and protecting them. The Proclamation declares, that, after minute investigation the Lord Provost and Magistrates are fully satisfied that the high price of meal is occasioned by real scarcity, and not by any improper proceeding on the part of the Merchants or Meal-dealers.

Hydrophobia.—A melancholy case of this dreadful disorder occurred last week at Imber, in the county of Wilts.—A boy, about fifteen years of age, son of J. Brunsden, of that parish, labourer, was bitten about two months ago, at a farm, in Livingston, where he worked. The subsequent conduct of the dog excited suspicions, and the boy was sent to the sea and dipped. He continued his health till Tuesday, the 11th instant, when he complained of slight indisposition; was worse on Wednesday, and on Thursday morning a Medical Gentleman pronounced it a decided case of hydrophobia. Still his reason seemed perfectly sound; but at times he suffered much from violent spasms in the throat, and complained that he felt strange in the head; he grew worse in the afternoon, and in the night was delirious and violent; and, after suffering dreadful agonies, he expired on Friday.

A shocking catastrophe occurred at Brighton on Monday, in the commission of an act of suicide, by Mrs. Goldingham, a niece of Major Gen. Popham, at her residence in Dorset Gardens. The deceased had been in a drooping way for some time, but, excepting in a solitary instance, when she complained, in rather a strange manner, of her being unable to distinguish the letters in a book she held in her hand, no suspicions were entertained of her being in any way mentally deranged. About half past twelve o'clock, in the afternoon of Monday, she had left her parlour and retired to her chamber, the door of which soon after being found locked, and no answers given to the questions put to her, her brother, Capt. Popham, broke it open. On entering the room, he discovered his sister, in an horizontal position on her face, and in consequence, he endeavoured to raise her up; and, painful to relate, found that she had deeply lacerated her throat both on the right and left side with a razor, and severing the jugular artery, had died in the most profuse manner. She was not quite dead when discovered, but her last sigh escaped her almost immediately after. The Coroner's Inquest was taken on view of the body this morning, when Capt. Popham's testimony was to the above effect, and a verdict of Lunacy returned. Mr. G. the husband of the deceased, is abroad.

On Sunday some ruffians tied an old kettle to the tail of a dog, near Hammersmith, which occasioned the poor animal to run in various directions, to the great annoyance and alarm of the passengers. He afterwards took a straight direction, and from the heat of the weather, and the cruelty exercised, he is supposed to have gone mad.

On Tuesday night last, as Mr. T. Miles, of Barwick, St. James, was returning home from Winchester, in his taxed cart, he was overturned near Fugglestone, and killed.

On Monday, the 2d inst. between eight and nine in the morning, a fire broke out in a workshop in the Cité de Santaren in Lisbon, and communicated with wonderful rapidity to the next. The fire raged with so much impetuosity that in half an hour 77 workshops were enveloped in the flames; 42 of these were occupied by potters, 19 by flux dressers, and 14 by potters, besides a large tavern. The greater part of their being of wood, the flames ceased only to rage when there was nothing left to destroy. The loss amounts to several thousand cruzados.

Tuesday morning, at two o'clock, an alarming fire broke out at Mr. Holland's, tallow-chandler, in South Audley-street, Grosvenor-square. It began in the back melting warehouse, in Reeves's Mews, and three of the adjoining stables were soon burnt to the ground. There were nearly 400 tons of tallow on the premises, all of which were consumed, and of course added greatly to the fury of the flames. Fifty chaldrons of coals, belonging to a retail dealer in that article, were also consumed. The following are some of the houses which have been destroyed or damaged on this occasion:—That of Messrs. Stodart and Bolton, coach-makers, the carriages all saved; the house of Madame Jaymond, milliner, has sustained much damage; that of Mr. Parsons, baker, Mount-street, burnt, and a quantity of flour; Mr. Tule's stables, and Mr. Bate's slaughter-houses, in Reeves's Mews, totally consumed; the house of Mr. Owen, tinner, much damaged. The 3d Guards, from Portman barracks, and the Members of various Volunteer Associations, attended with great alacrity, and greatly assisted the firemen in their exertions. A fireman was considerably injured by the falling in of the roof of Mr. Holland's house, but no lives were lost.

POLICE.

Marlborough-street.—Edmund Hoop, a drover, was charged with exhibiting a bull-dog to bite and lacerate several persons on his return from Parson's Green Fair. It appeared that the defendant had the dog in his cart; and at every place where he stopped, he caused himself with setting on the animal to bite unoffending passengers. The offender was committed in default of bail.

Mansion-house.—Ben Child, alias Little Ben, one of Bill Soumes's light-armed corps, was yesterday

taken before the Lord Mayor, on a charge of robbing an eccentric-looking old Gentleman, named Capt. Bailey, on the preceding evening, of his watch. Complainant stated, that he was passing slowly through Aldermanbury, about seven o'clock, three men ran furiously against him; one of whom, in the collision, snatched his watch from his fob, and ran off. He instantly gave an alarm, and joined in the pursuit of the offenders, with as much speed as his infirmities would permit. They, however, turned the corner, and were hidden from his view. He afterwards learnt, that one of them, the man then in custody, was taken. To this man's person, however, he could not positively swear, although he thought he much resembled one of the men who had run against him. The officer having stated that there were other persons who witnessed the transaction, who could speak with more certainty to the person of the prisoner, but who were not present, the prisoner was remanded.

Union-hall.—J. Detner, L. Detner, and E. Roie, were charged by the doorkeeper at Astley's Theatre, with assaulting him, and making a riot at the pit door. It appeared that the defendants went to the door of the theatre in a state of intoxication, and producing a cheque, demanded admission. On examining it, however, the door-keeper discovered it was not the regular cheque of the evening, and therefore refused them admission; upon which they began to abuse him, and at length assaulted him: on his calling another of the door-keepers to his assistance, they served him in the same manner. They attacked also the constable, and it was with difficulty they were secured. Next morning, on being brought before the Sitting Magistrate, they expressed contrition for the violence they had been guilty of, and upon undertaking to make a public apology, Mr. Astley consented to forego prosecuting them.

T. Reddoe, W. Tyrrell, and C. Tipping, were brought up under the Bombast Act, and fined 40s. and costs, for having in their possession two bushels of malt, of which they were unable to give any account.

Guildhall.—Yesterday S. Pierpoint was brought up, charged by the Parish Officers of St. Michael's, Cornhill, with deserting his wife and two children. The Prisoner expressed contrition for his offence, declaring his readiness now to make every atonement, and to protect his wife and family to the utmost of his power.

The Parish Officer said there was one circumstance which he did not think he could in justice conceal from the Magistrate. In the year 1810, the wife of the Prisoner was passed to her parish from Richmond, where her husband had also deserted her. In the mean time, he had actually married another wife, at Edmonton, who had a child to him, and who must now be left destitute, along with her infant.

The Magistrate ordered the Prisoner to stand committed till Friday, to give time for considering whether it would not be proper to proceed against him criminally.

James Stanton, and Judith, his mother, were charged with robbing a poor man of the name of Swan of a variety of small sums at different times. It appeared that the prosecutor was entrusted with the care of some horses in the George-yard, in Beach-street, and that he had been in the use of employing the younger prisoner, a boy about 11 years of age, in going errands for him. The prosecutor had been robbed of small sums of money every day, for a considerable time back; and the secretary and address with which matters were conducted, having induced him to suspect his own grandchild of being the thief, those suspicions had driven his brother to sea. Having been advised within these few days to mark some of the money lodged by him in his box, and immediately on missing it to have the boy searched, the plan succeeded; on the boy was found one shilling and a six-penny piece, which had been taken away yesterday morning; also a key which opened the prosecutor's box; and on the mother was found a foreign dollar, which the prosecutor had lost the day before. The boy was ordered to be sent to the Marine Society, and the mother to be remanded till Friday.

William Andrews was charged with picking the pocket of Thomas Tipper, servant to Dowager Lady Fortescue, of his pocket-book, on Monday evening last, in Newgate-street.—The prisoner was detected in the act, and fully committed for trial.

John Jones was charged with robbing a gentleman of his watch, on Saturday evening last, in the neighbourhood of Doctor's Commons. The prisoner in endeavouring to make his escape, knocked down and very much hurt a boy who attempted stop him; so much so, that the boy is confined to his bed from the injury he sustained. The evidence against the prisoner being satisfactory, he was fully committed for trial.

MARRIED.

Aug. 22, at St. Mary's, Kingston, Mr. J. Davenport, jun. of Pennoval, to Miss Olive, only daughter of John Dancy, Esq. of Kingston.

Aug. 23, at St. Olave's, Southwark, Henry Bental, Esq. of Tooley-street, surgeon, to Elizabeth, eldest daughter of William Hawes, Esq. of the same place, surgeon.

Aug. 24, at Barnham, Bucks, John William Duryell, Esq. of York-street, Portman-square, to Mary, eldest daughter of Joseph Langton, Esq. of Chesham-house, Bucks.

Aug. 25, at St. George's Church, Bloomsbury, the Rev. John Viner, Rector of Clapham, in Surrey, to Frances, fifth daughter of Sir T. Trotter, Esq. of the same place.

Aug. 25, at St. Michael's Church, Oxford, R. F. Cox, Esq. banker, to Miss Folker, only daughter of W. Folker, Esq. of that city.

Lately, at Green Green, Ensign George Darling, of the 50th Regiment, to Ann, second daughter of the late Capt. Wray, of Hull.

DIED.

Aug. 9, aged 62, Mr. Robert Needham, of Liverpool, distiller.

Aug. 15, at Winchester, aged 25, Ensign Bradford, of the 40th Regiment.

Aug. 20, at Chelsea, Miss Leakey, daughter of the late Deputy Leakey, of Basinghall-street.

Aug. 21, at Chesham, aged 80, Mrs. Margaret Campbell.

Aug. 25, at Manchester, York, George Dawson, Esq. formerly a Member of the Council, at Malpas.

CORN EXCHANGE, Aug. 26, 1812.

Wheat fully at last prices. Barley, Malt, Peas, and Beans, at usual fluctuations. Oats are rather higher. Flour is without variation.

Table with 2 columns: Item, Price. Wheat... 048 1205 1050 04. Fine... 1204 1050 04. Barley... 75 10 04. Flour... 67 10 04. Fine... 68 10 04. W. Peas... 75 10 04.

FINE FLOUR, 115s. to 120s. per sack. SECOND HOTTO, 75s. to 115s.