FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE.

ADMIRALTY OFFICE, JUNE 12.

A LETTER from Adm. Cornwallis states that Capt. Campbell, of his Majesty's ship *Doris*, has taken and destroyed the French gun-boat No. 351, of the second class, carrying one eighteen-pounder and thirty men, being one of a small convoy from Quimper to Brest, ultimately to Boulogne, laden with ammunition, provisions, &c. the rest escaped into Hodierne, owing to his having sprung the main-topmast, and split the sail in chace; and that Lieutenant Anderson had succeeded in bringing out the gun-boat No. 360, of the second class, carrying one eighteen-pounder, and thirty men, but owing to a rapid and heavy surf which broke at the harbour's mouth, as well as a bar being protected by strong batteries, prevented his being more successful.

Crown Office, June 12. Members returned to serve in this present Parliament. *Borough of Tralee*—The Right Hon. George Canning, one of his Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council. *County of Galway*—The Right Hon. Richard Trench, commonly called Viscount Dunlo. *Shire of Sutherland*—The Right Hon. William Dundas, his Majesty's Secretary at War.

BANKRUPTS TO SURRENDER.—*Edw. Hilder Strange*, of Frant, Suffex, Grocer, June 16, 23, July 24, at Guildhall, London.—*Edw. Gerling*, of Margate, Kent, Hoyman, June 18, 29, July 24, at the Guildhall, Canterbury.—*John Parrott*, late of Ratcliff Highway, Victualler, June 19, 23, July 24, at Guildhall.—*George Field*, of Old Swan Stairs, Upper Thames Street, Merchant, June 16, 30, July 24, at Guildhall.—*William Fish*, of Old Swan Stairs, Upper Thames Street, Merchant, June 16, 30, July 24, at Guildhall.—*Jonathan Pickernell*, of Sunderland near the Sea, Durham, Dealer, June 28, 29, July 24, at White's Tavern, Sunderland.—*Robert Williamson*, of Rosk-Hill, Yorkshire, Farmer, July 2, 3, 24, at the Black Swan, in Bedale, Yorkshire.—*Thomas Smith Williams*, of Mincing Lane, Ship Broker, June 19, 23, July 24, at Guildhall.

FROM THE PARIS PAPERS.

Paris, May 31. Yesterday his Imperial Highness the Prince Louis, Constable of the Empire, administered the oaths of allegiance to Generals Songis, Perrieres, Jacoffie, Thauvenot, and several others. Marshal Bernadotte is appointed General in Chief of the army of Hanover.

The Government have given to the Ministers of the Protestant Church an annual allowance. Those of the first class will receive 2000 livres a year; those of the second 1,500, and those of the third 1000.

June 2. Mr. Drake passed through Dresden, where he had a long conference with M. D'Antraigues. The Elector informed him that his principles would not permit him to receive a person in his territory who had been compelled to leave Munich.

June 3. A private letter from Berlin, of the 29th ult. says, that the Russian troops collected on the coast in Livonia, and very near Revel, amount to 44,000 men, and that the fleet in that harbour, ready equipped, consists of twelve ships of the line, sixteen frigates and cutters, besides transports. The fleet of Cronstadt, more numerous, is expected to join the fleet at Revel before it puts to sea. The Russian fleet, fitted out in the Black Sea, consists of fourteen ships of the line, ten frigates, and four cutters, with transports fitted out to carry 20,000 troops, besides those who have already passed the Dardanelles for the Mediterranean.

Among other plans to settle the differences in the German Empire our Government has proposed the partition of the Electorate of Hanover, which may procure an equality of votes in the Diet at Ratisbon. Upon the whole, our Emperor is determined upon a new partition of Germany, in which its first Princes will share.

Some persons pretend, that the supreme Magistracy in Holland, and in Switzerland, as well as in Italy and France, are to be hereditary in the families of persons proposed by the Emperor of the French; and that these new Sovereigns will have their hereditary rank guaranteed by the Buonaparte family.

A project against the safety of Louis XVIII. was planned by some evil-disposed persons, but miscarried, from the retired life this Prince lives, and by the vigilance of the Prussian Commander at Warfaw.

Belgrade, May 6. In consequence of the recent arrival of Commissioners from Constantinople, Ozerni Georges, at the head of the Servians, seems much disposed to withdraw his troops, and desist from all hostilities, provided the Beys give up their authority, and a proper guarantee be admitted for the future security of the Christians against every kind of vexation from the Turks. In their present critical situation the Beys cannot but accept of any propositions which will secure their lives and property; an arrangement is therefore expected, which will release the unfortunate inhabitants of Belgrade from the bad situation under which they have laboured these three months past.—But whatever may be the result, the insurrection of the Servians cannot but be unfavourable to the maintenance of tranquillity in the provinces of European Turkey. A kind of league among the Christian inhabitants, mostly discontented with the Ottoman yoke, has already been the consequence. The happy proof of the junction of union and strength, in process of time, may produce events which will entirely change the face of affairs in that country.

Hague, June 1. The Batavian Legislative Body having yesterday completed its Spring Session, separated on that day. On the 12th of this month they will, however, reassemble for an Extraordinary Session, to consider of the means of supplying the deficit of forty millions in the public receipt of this year, compared with the expences of it. It is well known that this deficit, so enormously incurred by the war, can only be provided for in the proportion of two-fifths, by the voluntary loan decreed and opened on the commencement of the present year.

Berne, March 24. Our Landamman, Wattewyl, conceiving the residence of the Confederate troops in the Canton of Zurich no longer necessary, has authorised the different Cantonal Governments to recall them.—The young men of Zurich, from fourteen to seventeen years of age, have formed themselves in a corps of Cadets, with the authority of Government.

Genoa, May 19. Jourdan, General in Chief of the army of Italy, has retired to Milan. While he was here he reviewed the troops, visited all the fortifications by sea and land, and was present at the several proofs of cannon.

LONDON, June 14.

The New York papers, which we have received to the 15th ult. appear to confirm the former statements of the dreadful situation of the unfortunate Whites in the island of St. Domingo. On the 16th of March a horrible massacre is stated to have commenced at Port-au-Prince, which continued four days; during that time upwards of 400 persons were murdered. Dessalines had arrived there on his way to the city of St. Domingo, against which he was determined to bring all his forces; but, as he expressed himself, would leave no Whites in the rear. Further accounts reach to the 11th of April, and mention, that ten days previous a general massacre of the Whites had taken place, and that it was to be carried all over the southern departments. The Americans are treated with great respect throughout the island, except at the Cape, where Christophe inflicts the greatest cruelties, without regard to age or sex.

HOUSE OF COMMONS, *Monday, June* 11.—Mr. *Foster* brought up a Bill, exempting from Export Duty all Linen, the manufacture of the United Kingdom.—Read a first, and ordered to be read a second time.—The order of the day for hearing the charge against Mr. John Damon, under Sheriff of Cornwall, having been read, the resolution of the Committee was read to him—"*Resolved*, that Mr. John Damon, by annexing to the return of Mr Hutkiffin a new paper, purporting to be a return of Thomas Sheridan, Esq. for the borough of Lifkeard, had acted contrary to his duty, and in violation of the privileges of Parliament."

On being asked what answer he had to make to that charge, Mr. *Damon* replied, that when he had affixed the paper, he had done so without knowing he acted improperly, and that he had not the most distant intention of offending the House, or of acting in violation of any of their high privileges. He was ordered to withdraw, when, after a short debate, he was ordered into the custody of the Sergeant at Arms.—Mr. *Deverell* moved an Address to his Majesty, for an account of the duties levied for three years, ending the 1st of January last, on the Slaves imported from Africa to the West Indies, and of the appropriation thereof.—Sir W. *Pulteney* moved, that the Bill laid before the House on account of the expence incurred in maintaining possession of the Cape of Good Hope, since its capture, until its cession by the Treaty of Amiens, as also of any revenue that Settlement might have produced.—Mr. *Eyre* stated certain inconveniencies resulting from the Volunteer Corps going on permanent duty; that the Magistrates were anxious to make that provision for families of Volunteers in such cases, as the law allowed them, but that in many instances they found it impossible. Unless the subject was taken up from by the Chancellor of the Exchequer, he himself would, in a day or two, bring forward a motion respecting it.—Mr. *Pitt* replied, it should meet with every attention. He then moved the order of the day for the House to resolve into a Committee on the Additional Defence Bill.—Mr. *Tokyll* opposed the Speaker's leaving the Chair; for the Right Hon. Gentleman had introduced a Bill possessing no one feature of novelty to recommend it, if he excepted the notable idea of making the recruiting go on by means of the parish officers. The parishes and the counties had already had too much thrown upon them, and with this superadded the load would be too great to bear. He read a paper to shew the hardship the Bill would impose on individuals; it stated, that the person from whom it came had twelve months ago been drawn for the Army of Reserve; that he had given thirty guineas for a substitute, understanding that the faith of Parliament was pledged to him, that he should be exempted from the Reserve and Militia for five years, but now he understood there was a Bill in the House, empowering parish officers to make him serve, or pay a fine.—Mr. *Macnaughten* observed, that although a standing army had formerly been a just object for jealousy, still it was all we had to trust to now against the upstart power of France. All opposition, therefore, to the Bill was a vile attempt of Gentlemen on the other side.—Lord Temple, Sir W. Geary, and Sir W. Young, severally spoke to order, and the Hon. Member sat down.—Col. *Cranefurd* opposed the Bill. He pointed out several defects in the System of defence begun by the late Administration, and acted on by the present, in the course of which he strongly recommended the erection of Martilla Towers and different kinds of fortifications, and concluded by opposing the motion.—Sir *W. Young* objected to the Bill on two grounds—its tendency to convert the parish officers into crimps, and its ultimate effect of placing a large sum of money at the disposal of the Crown, without the controul of Parliament.—Sir *W. Pulteney* opposed the measure principally as it tended to form a permanently increasing addition to our Standing Army, the dangers from which had always been estimated by our ancestors as more serious that any which could result from invasion.—Mr. *Ryder* thought that the Bill had much to recommend it to the attention of the House, both in its object and provisions, and to entitle it to be sent to a Committee. The objections made to it were so various and so different, and even contrary in their respective bearings, that if a Minister were to attend to all, it would be impossible to concert any measure which would obtain the general approbation of Parliament. The House having then divided, the question for the Speaker's leaving the Chair was carried in the affirmative, by a majority of 219 to 169.

TUESDAY, *June* 12.—Mr. *Shaw* moved the order of the day for the second reading of the Insolvent Debtors' Relief Bill.—Mr. *Ker* said, that he had always been hostile to Bills of this nature, but from the circumstances which had been stated on a former occasion, he should not be so in this Instance. He hoped, however, that care would be taken in the Bill, that it did not open a door to the fraudulent debtor; and also, that the interest of landlords would not be neglected or overlooked.—The Bill was then read a second time, and ordered to be committed on Thursday the 21st instant.

On the order of the day being read for the House to resolve into a Committee on the Slave Trade Abolition Bill, Mr. *Manning* opposed the Bill. He observed, there were many proprietors of Estates in the West Indies who were deeply interested in the Bill, and had strong claims on the justice of Parliament, particularly those who had made purchases under the King's Proclamation in 1764, and since that period. These Gentlemen undoubtedly had fair claims for compensation.—Mr. *Francis* supported the Bill, and Mr. *Fuller* justified the sale of Slaves in Africa, on the score of their being habitually guilty of witchcraft, which was in fact the administration of slow poison to those they did not like. Certainly punishment for such crimes was proper. He then endeavoured to show, that the Slaves were happily situated in the West Indies; and he gave an instance of one man on his own estate having saved 200l. in the course of twenty years' service.—A very uninteresting debate, considering the subject, then took place between Mr. Brooke, Mr. Ellis, Mr. Deverell, Mr. Coke, Sir R. Buxton, and Mr. Dent.—The House then divided—Ayes 79—Noes 20—Majority for the Committee 59.—Adjourned.

WEDNESDAY, *June* 13.—On the motion of Mr. *Foster* leave was given to bring in a Bill to continue in force, for a time to be limited, so much of the Act of the 43d of the King as related to the Corn Laws of Ireland.—Aldermen *Anderson* brought up a petition from the merchants trading to Africa, which was ordered to be laid on the table.—The Irish Linen Bill passed through a Committee, and the report was ordered to be received to-morrow. Mr. *Rose* observed, that according to the Prize Act passed last Session, all East India prizes, which were taken and brought into Liverpool, were ordered to be warehoused, and could not be brought to the Port of London, where it was provided by the Act that they must be sold, which was attended with great inconvenience, as they were subject to the Port Duties of London, in addition to those already paid. He therefore moved, that the House resolve itself into a Committee to consider of the Prize Act, which was agreed to, and leave given to bring in a Bill to amend the full Act, and to permit Prize Goods brought to the Port of Liverpool to be sold there.—Mr. *Foster* moved that the House should resolve into a Committee on the different Acts relating to the Linen Trade of Ireland. The object of his motion was to give additional powers to the Trustees of the Linen Manufacture in Ireland to appoint Inspectors of Linens in London, to prevent additional expence. Another point was, with respect to adding muriatic acid in bleaching, which was a new invention, instead of potash. It had been said that the muriatic acid was injurious to the linen, and therefore he should propose, that it should be marked on each piece, whether, in the process of bleaching, that acid or potash was used, that the purchaser might not have any future cause of complaint. The House, on the motion, resolving itself into a Committee on the said Acts, which were read *pro forma*. Mr. *Alexander* obtained leave to bring in a Bill to explain and amend the same.—The order of the day being read for the second reading of the Woollen Manufacture Bill, Mr. *F. Lafcelles*, after entering into the particulars of the Bill, observed, that it contained three provisions, one for preventing, according to former Acts, more than a certain number of looms from being employed under the same roofs; the second, for the purpose of obliging persons to serve seven years; and the third, with respect to the repeal of certain penal statutes. He could not say he approved of the Bill, though instructed to bring it in.—On the question being put, that the Bill be now read a second time, Admiral *Berkeley*, after a few observations, moved an amendment, that the Bill be read a second time this day three months.—Agreed to.

The Emperor of Germany has forbidden the French Emigrants to set at the Order of St. Louis in his Hereditary States.

The Hon. William Elliot is appointed Under Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, in the room of Mr. Arbuthnot, appointed Ambassador at Constantinople.

Mr. C. Bishop is appointed Proctor to the King, in the room of Mr. Hesseltine deceased.

The Captain of a vessel, arrived at Boston from St. Vincent's, which left the 10th ult. had brought intelligence that Martinico was closely blockaded by the English, and that the force which had lately arrived at Barbadoes from England, had gone against Surinam.

The following is given as an extract of a private letter from Paris, dated May 30:—

"Since the State trials have begun, the barriers are again shut, the patrols again doubled, the police agents every where again upon the alert, and measures of safety again enforced with severity. Among the several persons lately arrested are four ladies seized yesterday in the galleries of the Criminal Tribunal. They are accused of having been concerned in a new plot to poison our new Emperor, at least, such is the rumour; and that upon each was found a parcel of strong poison. *Carnot, Sieyes, Gorres, Gudon, Gregoire*, and *Lajonnais*, are ordered to reside on their estates in the country, until further orders from the Emperor."

Yesterday warrants were issued against several journeymen boot and shoemakers, who have much impeded the trade for a considerable time past by their combinations, and compelling the men to abide by certain rules and restrictions, dictated by a Committee of journeymen.

The season of Drury Lane Theatre closed last night, when Mr. Bannister came forward at the end of the Play, and addressed the audience in the usual stile of grateful acknowledgment to a liberal Public for the patronage experienced.

MIDDLESEX ELECTION.—The question whether Gentlemen holding situations in the Chancery Courts, Common Pleas, Exchequer, or other Law Offices, which have heretofore been deemed Freeholders, were eligible to vote as Electors in the county of Middlesex, came on yesterday to be discussed. After much argument, it was determined that such votes were inadmissible, the voters not being actual residents in the parish or place for which they tendered their suffrages.

Mrs. Siddons has been for some time past much annoyed by the impertinent letters and personal addresses of a young gentleman, who frequently attempted to obtrude himself by various stratagems, notwithstanding every possible method was taken to convince him of the impropriety of his conduct. In consequence of which, Mr. Kemble made application at Bow Street, and was advised, when he again called, to make an appointment with him, and give notice at the Office, which he accordingly did, when an Officer who was in waiting conducted him to the Office, where he underwent a private examination; and, after promising not to repeat his offensive conduct, he was dismissed. He is an Irishman, a student of Lincoln's Inn, and appears about twenty-three years of age. The following extract may afford a specimen of his epistolary talents:—

"*Loveliest of Women!* In *Belvidera, Isabella, Juliet*, and *Calista*, I have admired you until my fancy threatened to burst, and the strings of my imagination were ready to crack to pieces; but, as Mrs. Siddons, I love you to madness, and until my heart and soul are overwhelmed with fondness and desire—say not that time has placed any difference in years between you and me. The youths of her day saw no wrinkles upon the brow of Ninon D'Enclos. It is for vulgar forms and vulgar souls alone to grow old; but you shall flourish in eternal youth, amidst the war of elements and the craft of worlds.

"*May* 2, *Barley Mow, Salisbury Square.*"

The Officers of the Rochford Volunteers, in Essex, have devised a good mode to make their men expert shots at the target, by affixing a Bank note for the bull's eye, and giving it as a prize to every man who hits it.

Yesterday the Recorder made a Report to his Majesty of the following eighteen prisoners under sentence of death in Newgate:—*George Smith, Mary Anderson, George Donobow, James Heath, John Smith, alias Lacy, Richard Anderson, John Kemp, James Draper, Jeremiah Cornville, James Nixon, Wm. Barnett, Robert Harris, Wm. Gill, alias Matthews, Caroline Matthews, Elizabeth Fifer, Mary Ann Taylor, Edward King*, and *Louis Darney*: when they were all respited during his Majesty's pleasure.—The cases of *Robert Afflitt* and fifteen other prisoners were not reported.

SUICIDE.—A few days since —— Frazer, of the 21st Light Dragoons, shot himself in the presence of his daughter, in the Barracks, at Winchester. The promotion of a comrade to a situation which he expected is supposed to have been the fatal cause.

FIRES.—Monday morning a fire broke out in a house in Charlton Street, Somers Town, occasioned by a person reading in bed. It was, however, extinguished with little damage.—On Sunday a fire was discovered in the kitchen of a house in Basinghall Street, occasioned by some linen hanging to air. The flames were however subdued without much injury.

OXFORDSHIRE.

Redemption and Sale of the Land Tax.

THE Commissioners will hold their next Meeting at the Star Inn, Oxford, on Tuesday the Tenth Day of July next, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon. Persons desirous of redeeming or purchasing their Land Tax are requested to send to the Clerk, previous to the Meeting, Schedules or Particulars of their Property, with the Amount of the Land Tax charged thereon, and to state whether they wish to contract by Transfer of Stock or Payment in Money, to the Receiver-General, at once, or by what Number of Instalments, within the Period of one Year, so that the Number does not exceed four.

By the 15th, 153d, and 154th Sections of the last Land Tax Act, 42d Geo. III. C. 116, the Commissioners are empowered to contract with any Persons for the Sale of the Land Tax remaining unredeemed by those in Possession or Reversion, who were entitled to a Preference of redeeming it previous to the 24th of June, 1803, upon the same Terms as it might have been sold to them; and the Purchasers of such Land Tax will for ever afterwards, without Power of Redemption, be entitled to a yearly Sum, as, or in the Nature of a Fee Farm Rent, equal to the Amount of the Land Tax so redeemed, to be payable out of the Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments on which the said Land Tax was so charged, and will be entitled to a Preference against all other Charges for the Recovery of the same, if in Arrear.

JAMES MORRELL, Clerk.

Oxford, June 15th, 1804.

A TABLE, shewing the Rate of Purchase according to the Price of Stock, together with the Interest of the Money.

Number of Years Purchase.	Price of 100l. 3 per Cent. Stock.	The Interest for the Money.
	L.	*L. s. d.*
18 - - -	49 10-11ths - -	5 11 1¼
19 - - -	51 9-11ths - -	5 5 3
20 - - -	54 6-11ths - -	5 0 0
21 - - -	57 3-11ths - -	4 15 2¾
22 - - -	60 - - - - -	4 10 11¼
23 - - -	62 8-11ths - -	4 6 11¼
24 - - -	65 5-11ths - -	4 3 4

FIVE GUINEAS REWARD.

STOLEN or STRAYED, on the Night of Saturday the 21st of April, 1804, or Sunday Morning the 22d, out of a Field called DUNGMOOR, in the Parish of Cricklade, in the County of Wilts,—An IRON-GREY GELDING, aged. He is blind with the Near-Eye, the Fetlock of the Off Fore-Leg considerably enlarged, a short Dock, and near fourteen Hands high; at first going into a Trot he appears rather foundered, trots remarkably quick, pulls hard on the Bit, and carries his Head on one Side.

If Strayed, whoever has found him, and will give Information thereof to RICHARD HERRING, shall be handsomely rewarded; but if Stolen, whoever will give Information, shall, on Conviction of the Offender or Offenders, be entitled to a Reward of FIVE GUINEAS, of the said Richard Herring, of the New Inn, Cricklade.

CORN AND HAY.

TO be SOLD by AUCTION, by Messrs. CHURCHILL and TURNER, on Wednesday the 27th Day of June Instant, 1804, on the Premises late in the Occupation of JAMES WASTIE, Esq. at Enfham, in the County of Oxford, deceased,—Three Ricks of Wheat, the Ditto of Oats, four Ditto of Barley, three Ditto of Beans, and three Ditto of Hay.

The Sale to begin at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon.

Catalogues may be had at Mrs. Jones's, the Printing Office, near the New Market, High Street, Oxford; Place of Sale; and of the Auctioneers, Woodstock.

TO be SOLD by AUCTION, by Mr. FOLKER, at the Angel Inn, in the High Street, Oxford, on Wednesday the 4th Day of July, 1804, between the Hours of Four and Seven in the Evening, under such Conditions of Sale as will then produced,—A desirable FREEHOLD ESTATE, situate in St. Clement's, opposite the Black Horse Inn, the Property of Mrs. COCKERILL, lately deceased; consisting of two MESSUAGES or TENEMENTS, one of which was occupied by the late Proprietor, the other by Mr. JAMES WARD; also, a SHOP, that projects into the Street, in the Tenure of Mr. JOHN HARRIS, Shoemaker, with a valuable Close of Pasture, in which are three Gardens, two Stables, and a Cart Shed, in the Occupation of Mr. WM. WILKINS, Butcher, Tenant at Will. The very great Convenience that must be experienced by Gentlemen keeping Horses, from having a Close near the City, renders this Estate particularly desirable, being well inclosed, plenty of Water, and not more than a Stone's Cast from Magdalen Bridge.

May be viewed by Leave of the Tenants, and further Particulars known of the Auctioneer, in the Corn Market, Oxford.

A CLASSICAL ASSISTANT.

WANTED,—A Classical Assistant, in a respectable Foundation School.—Terms, and further Particulars, may be known by Application to Mr. Cooke, Bookseller, Oxford; or Mr. Law, Ave Maria Lane, London.

THAME, June 4, 1804.

THOMAS BATES, Farrier, late Foreman to Dr. LAYTON, Waltham Green, Surry, and who served his Time, and has had twenty Years' extensive Practice in the above Business, most respectfully informs the Inhabitants of Thame and its Environs, particularly Gentlemen and Farmers, that he has discovered a certain Cure for the Fistula, Poll Evil, and Cancers in Horses.—Also takes off Spavins without the least Blemish, and all other Complaints incident to that noble and useful Animal strictly attended to, hitherto with Success, which can be witnessed by many respectable Inhabitants of Thame. May be heard of at the Fighting Cocks, in Thame, every Tuesday.

All Horses entrusted to his Care will have the strictest Attention paid to them.

P. S. A Horse, the Property of Mr. Staples, aged 30 Years, has been made a perfect Cure of by him, as can be witnessed by him and many more.

☞ Several false and scandalous Reports having been circulated to injure my Character, by certain Persons who stile or call themselves of the Trade, will be looked on with Contempt.

Dorchester and Bix Turnpikes.

NOTICE is hereby given, That a Meeting of the Trustees of the Dorchester and Bix Turnpikes will be held, by Adjournment, at the White Hart Inn, in Benfington, on Wednesday the 27th Day of June Instant, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon; at which Meeting such Trustees as can make it convenient are particularly requested to attend.

Henley, 14th June, 1804. T. COOPER, Clerk.

Charlbury, Witney, Woodstock, Enstone, and Great Tew TURNPIKE ROAD.

NOTICE is hereby given, That a Meeting of the Trustees of the above Turnpike Road will be held, by Adjournment, at the *Bell Inn*, in Charlbury, in the County of Oxford, on Monday the 25th Day of June Instant, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon, when new Trustees will be elected in the Stead of those who are dead or refuse to act, and such other Business done and transacted as by the Act is required.

By Order of the Trustees,
SAMUEL CHURCHILL, jun. } Clerks.
CHARLES LEAKE, }
12th of June, 1804.

Burford, Chipping Norton, Banbury, Stow, and Aynho Turnpike Roads.

NOTICE is hereby given, That a General Meeting of the Trustees of the above Turnpike Roads will be held, by Adjournment, at the White Hart Inn, in Chipping Norton, in the County of Oxford, on Wednesday the Eighteenth Day of July next, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon.

Also, that the Tolls arising at the Burford Gates will be LETT by AUCTION, to the Bidder, at the Place above mentioned, on the said Eighteenth Day of July, between the Hours of Eleven in the Forenoon and Four in the Afternoon, in the Manner directed by the Act passed in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty King George the Third, "For regulating the Turnpike Roads;" which Tolls produced the last Year the Sum of 203l. above the Expences of collecting the same, and will be put up at such Sum.

Whoever happens to be the best Bidder must at the same Time pay down one Month's Rent in Advance, and give Security, with sufficient Sureties, to the Satisfaction of the Trustees, for Payment of the Remainder of the Rent, at such Times as they shall direct.

Also, that new Trustees will be elected in the Stead of those who are dead or refuse to act, and such other Business done and transacted as by the several Acts is required.

By Order of the Trustees,
14th June, 1804. SAML. CHURCHILL, Clerk.

N. B. The Attendance of the Trustees is particularly requested.

Beautiful Freehold Estate of about five Hundred and fifty Acres, and a Residence, near Henley upon Thames.

TO be SOLD by PRIVATE CONTRACT,—By Messrs. SKINNER, DYKE, and Co. in one Lot, A VERY VALUABLE FREEHOLD ESTATE, most desirably situate on the Bank of the Thames, at Mill-End, in the Parish of Hambledon, three Miles from Henley, five from Marlow, ten from Maidenhead, and thirty-six from London; comprising the Manor of Ewden, otherwise Greenland, with the Fishery, Royalties, Appurtenances, Mill-End Mansion House, Offices, capital Gardens, Pleasure Grounds, Lawns, Plantations, Walks, Rich Paddocks, and fine productive Woods, containing about three Hundred Acres in Hand.—Also, a capital FARM, with proper Dwelling Houses and Husbandry Buildings, Sundry Messuages and Wharf; containing about two Hundred and fifty Acres, in the Possession of respectable Tenants at Will, and on Leases expiring at Michaelmas 1805, the present Rental and estimated Value about six Hundred Pounds per Annum, forming as complete an Estate as any in the County of Bucks, bounded by the River Thames, and extending by early Ascents to the Wood. The Property is capable of the greatest Improvement and may be rendered one of the finest Domains in the Kingdom. The Situation is particularly eligible for the Erection of a Mansion, the Lands are beautifully formed for Pleasure Grounds, a Park and Farms, and well worth the Attention of Gentlemen wishing to realize landed Property, or to made a capital Residence.

To be viewed by Tickets only, which may be had of Mr. Cooper, Attorney, Henley; and, of Messrs. Skinner, Dyke, and Co. Alderfgate Street; who only are authorized to treat by Private Contract.

WITNEY, June 14th, 1804.

WHEREAS WALTER RADBAND, an Apprentice to THOMAS SAUNDERS, of Witney, in the County of Oxford, Linen and Woollen Weaver, did, on the 16th of this Instant June, elope from his Master without any Provocation, *This is therefore to give Notice*, That whoever will apprehend and bring the said Walter Radband to his said Master shall be rewarded with an old Shuttle; and if any Person or Persons shall, after this Notice given, harbour, conceal, or employ the said Walter Radband, he or they will be prosecuted as the Law directs.—The said Walter Radband is nineteen Years of Age, about five Feet and six Inches high, stout made, with black Hair, and had on, when he went away, a dark brown Coat, Velveret Waistcoat, and Buckskin Breeches.

WORCESTER RACES, 1804,

Will be the Week next after Oxford Meeting.

NOMINATIONS for the Sweepstakes of 10gs each, in the Morning of Tuesday the first Day; the best of three One-Mile Heats. (6 Subscribers) Hon T. W. Coventry's ch. f. *Laura*, by *Pegasus*, four Years old.

Hon. T. W. Coventry's *Maid of Kent* by *Overton*, out of *Nerissa* by *Volunteer*, 3 Years old.

Ld Stamford's b. c. *Sir Oliver*, by *Sir Peter*, 4 yrs. old.

Mr. Kellerman's b. c. by *Petworth*, out of *Egham's Dam*, three Years old.

And in the Afternoon of the same Day, a Plate of 50l. (given by Abraham Robarts, Esq. and Joseph Scott, Esq. the Members for the City) for all Ages, that have never won a Plate, Match, or Sweepstakes, nor received Forfeit, before the 1st Day of May. 1804; three Year olds to carry 6st. four Year olds 7st. 7lb. five Year olds 8st. 2lb. six Year olds 8st. 10lb. and aged 9st. Mares and Geldings allowed 3lb. Four-Mile Heats.—*The Owner of the second Horse to receive the Stakes.*

Nominations for the Sweepstakes of 10gs. each, in the Morning of Wednesday, the second Day; the best of three Two-Mile Heats. (5 Subscribers.)

Hon. T. W. Coventry's ch. f. *Laura*, by *Pegasus*, four Years old.

Ld. Stamford's b. c. *Sir Oliver*, by *Sir Peter*, 4 Yrs. old

Col. Newport's gr. h. *Stride*, by *Alfred*, 6 Yrs. old.

Mr. Kellerman's f. *Iphigenia*, by *Petworth*, out of *Mary's Dam*, 3 Years old.

And in the Afternoon of the same Day, the Hunters' Purse of 50l. (given by William Lygon, Esq. and the Hon. J. W. Ward, the Members for the County) to be run for by Hunters, the Property of Freeholders, and proved to have been bred in the County of Worcester, that shall have been regularly hunted the last Season, that have never run for a Plate, Match, or Sweepstakes, nor paid nor received Forfeit, nor been trained, nor had a Sweat as a running Horse before the 25th Day of March, (except such Hunters that have started for this Purse, and have not won it) to be certified to have been the Property of such Freeholders at least four Months before the Day of running; four Year olds to carry 10st. 4lb. five Year olds 11st. 6lb. six Year olds 12st. and aged 12st. 2lb. Mares and Geldings allowed 3lb.—Four Mile Heats. *The Owner of the second Horse to receive the Stakes.*

And in the Morning of Thursday, the third Day, the Ladies' Plate of 50l. for all Ages; three Year olds to carry 6st. four Year olds 7st. 7lb. five Year olds 8st. 2lb. six Year olds 8st. 10lb. and aged 9st. Mares and Geldings allowed 3lb. Two Mile Heats. The Winner to be sold for 200gs. if demanded within a Quarter of an Hour after the Race; the Owner of the second Horse to have the Refusal, &c.

And in the Afternoon of the same Day, a Plate of 50l. (the County and City Subscription) for four, five, six Year old, and aged Horses, Mares, or Geldings; four Year olds to carry 7st. five Year olds 8st. six Year olds 8st. 9lb. and aged 9st. 2lb. Four-Mile Heats. A Winner of one 50l. Plate, after the 1st of March, to carry 3lb. extra; a Winner of a King's Plate, or of two or more Fifties, to carry 5lb. extra. Mares and Geldings allowed 3lb. *The Owner of the second Horse to receive the Stakes.*

Hon. J. W. WARD, Steward.

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