TO be SOLD by AUCTION,
By Messrs. MALLAM and SON,
At the Bear Inn, Oxford, on Thursday next the 13th Day of August, — A large Quantity of BUILDING MATERIALS; consisting of large Oak Beams, Joists, Boards, Floors, &c.—Also two large STABLES will be sold the same Day, to be taken down.

For further Particulars apply to the Auctioneers, in Oxford, of whom Catalogues may be had in due Time.

Charlbury, Witney, Woodstock, Enstone, and Great Tew Turnpike Roads.

NOTICE is hereby given, That a Meeting of the Trustees of the above Turnpike Roads will be held, by Adjournment, on Monday the 7th Day of September next, at the House of Francis Grace, called the Bell Inn, in Charlbury, in the County of Oxford, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon.

Also, that the Tolls arising at the Baywell Gate, with the Side Gate, and Witney Gate, with the Side Gate, will be LETT by AUCTION, to the best Bidder, at the Place abovementioned, on the said 7th Day of September next, between the Hours of Eleven in the Forenoon and Five in the Afternoon, either together or separately, as the Trustees present at the said Meeting shall think proper, in the Manner directed by the Act passed in the 13th Year of the Reign of his present Majesty, King George the Third, "For regulating the Turnpike Roads."

Whoever happens to be the best Bidder, must at the same Time give Security, with sufficient Sureties, to the Satisfaction of the Trustees, for Payment of the Rent agreed for, and at such Times as they shall direct.

Also, that at the said Meeting will be lett the Repair of that Part of the said Roads leading from Baywell Gate, in Charlbury, to Staple Hall Inn, in Witney.

Also, that some Trustees will be elected in the Stead of those who are dead or refuse to act, and such other Business done and transacted as by the several Acts is required.

By Order of the Trustees,
SAMUEL CHURCHILL, jun. } Clerks.
CHARLES LEAKE,

Dated August 7th, 1801.

Saturday's Post. By Express.

LONDON, August 7.

LORD NELSON's official dispatches have not yet reached town, but all the letters concur in representing his Lordship's exertions to have been crowned with the desired success. It was determined that Boulogne should be the first port attacked, because it is, at least it was, one of the depots for the numerous bomb vessels and gun boats which the enemy have been so long collecting: but Boulogne is not very accessible to attack. It is called a tide-port. At low water it is nearly dry, and can only be entered at high water. There is besides a bank, or sand off the harbour, which almost covers it. This bank may be passed on two sides, the North and South, in two and a half, and three fathoms water. On Monday Lord Nelson was occupied in taking soundings, and in surveying the enemy's coast and harbour. He shifted his flag into the *Nile* lugger, for the purpose of making more close and accurate surveys.

The attack commenced on Tuesday morning, and continued with little intermission till half past five in the afternoon. Before the firing ceased, Lord Nelson, it is said, sent off a letter to a correspondent of his Lordship in town, which gives the most gratifying account of the commencement of the operations. This letter was written before the firing was over, and cannot be expected to furnish many particulars.—"The Noble Admiral states, "that he had taken four of the enemy's floating batteries, and that he had silenced two of the principal batteries on shore; that by the bombardment the lower town of Boulogne had suffered considerably, and that the people of the great church had fallen down." He observes, that the success of the attack was such that England would experience no molestation from this port; and he added that, after he had completed the object of his instructions on Boulogne, he was to proceed to see what preparations for invasion the enemy had made elsewhere. His Lordship says that the enemy had been very *pointed* in their *attentions* to him, as they directed a great part of their fire against the vessel which bore his flag. As soon as his Lordship perceived the town to be on fire, he sent in a message to declare, that he did not wish to injure the property and persons of inoffensive individuals. He only wished to convince the enemy that their threats of invasion would be productive of disastrous consequences to themselves.

As soon as his Lordship had completed the object of his mission at Boulogne, he was to proceed to some other port to attack other flotillas of gun boats. The success which has attended his Lordship's efforts is extremely seasonable and important. The enemy perhaps thought us to be so entirely occupied in preparations for defence against invasion, as not to be able to execute offensive operations. They will now be convinced that the project of invading us only produces the effect of uniting us more firmly against any power that dares to menace us.

Advices from Rotterdam assert, that the Dutch squadron in the Scheldt is about to take land forces on board; but they add, that owing to the close blockade of the English, there is little probability of sailing. The journey of Angeron to Paris is ascertained to have had for its object some arrangement respecting the corps of 40,000 men which Bonaparte has ordered to be taken into the pay of the Batavian Republic.—Admiral de Winter is at Helvoet. The squadron in the Meuse is to effect a junction with that in the Texel.

It is generally reported in Italy that the French Republic has assigned to the Genoese the Piedmontese town of Alessandria and its territory, for a certain sum of money.

The whole coast, from Ancona to Brindisi, is blockaded by English frigates, which daily make prizes. Near Brindisi they have taken the Neapolitan brigantine the *Liparii*, and another ship laden with corn. Several English frigates are likewise cruizing off Genoa, and have conveyed provisions into Porto Ferrajo.

We are sorry to learn that there is reason to fear that Lord Cochrane and the *Speedy* have been captured by the enemy; by Linois' squadron, coming down the Mediterranean.

It is said that the port of Venice is kept closely blockaded by an English squadron, and that no ships whatever are permitted to enter the harbour till they have undergone a strict search.

It appears by accounts from Brussels, that the French Government is resolved to enforce, with the utmost rigour, the terms of the law of the 1st of November, respecting the use of articles of English merchandize.

Letters received from an officer of the *Cæsar*, dated Gibraltar Mole, July 10, states, "that when Captain Ferris delivered his sword on the quarter-deck of the *Formidable* to Adm. Linois, the latter returned it, saying, *So brave an officer deserved to wear a sword.*"

IRISH STATE LOTTERY.

Seventh Day.—No. 4,907, first drawn, and 6,633, prizes of 100l.

Eighth.—No. 8,055, a prize of 60l.

Ninth.—No. 29,467, 20,000l.

Tenth.—No. 8,665, first drawn, 2000l.—30,333, 1,049l. 1000l.

Eleventh.—No. 2,664, 100l.

Bank Stock 167 ½	New 3 per Ct. 64
3 per Ct. Red. 59 ½ ⅞	3 ½ Exchequer Bills —
3 per Ct. Con. 59 ½ 59	Imp. Ann. —
4 per Ct. Con. 78 ¾	India Stock —
5 per Ct. Ann. —	Omnium 7 ½ Pr.

OXFORD, August 8.

Abingdon School speeches were last Monday delivered in the following order before the Rev. J. Rathbone, B. D. Vice-Principal of St. Mary Hall, and visitor of the school:

Pain arising from virtuous emotions attended with pleasure, ...	*Akenside*,	Mr. GOODLAKE.
The Country Clergyman, ...	*Goldsmith*,	PHILIPS.
Heroism, ...	*Cowper*,	BEDFORD.
The Moravian Missionaries in Greenland, ...	*Cowper*,	GRAFTON.
Domestic happiness, ...	*Thomson*,	LEY.
Discord and distrust the consequence of Man's disobedience, ...	*Cowper*,	BASTER.
The wounded deer, ...	*Shakespear*,	SELLWOOD.
Monody on the Death of Sir Ralph Abercrombie, ...	*Jefferys*,	PARKER.
Cassius, on the ambitious views of Cæsar, ...	*Shakespear*,	BUCKLE.
To the Literary Fund, ...	*Fitzgerald*,	COX.
The Evening Walk, ...	*Hurdis*,	BLAKE.
Antony's funeral oration over Cæsar's body, ...	*Shakespear*,	RATHBONE.

There was a numerous and overflowing company on the occasion, and the young speakers fully deserved the general approbation which was liberally bestowed on their exertions. The whole, indeed, was spoken with becoming energy, and great correctness; and several of the juvenile orators evinced strong and judicious powers in their action, their chaste delivery, their animation, and their successful appeal to the feelings.

Friday was instituted by the Lord Bishop of Gloucester, the Rev. Thomas Cook, LL. B. to the Rectory of Wickwar, in that county, vacant by the death of the Rev. John Chester.—On the same day, the Rev. Thomas Birt, A. M. was licensed by his Lordship to the Free Chapel of Breme, in that diocese, on the death of the Rev. James Birt.

On Friday the 24th ult. between twelve and one o'clock, the standard of the Uxbridge Yeomanry, commanded by Sir Christopher Baynes, was presented to Captain Hilliard, in presence of the whole corps, by Lady Baynes, on Uxbridge Moor, before a very numerous and genteel company, many persons of fashion being present in landaus, cociables, &c. Her Ladyship made an impressive speech on the occasion, reminding the corps of the probability of their speedily being called into actual service to repel invasion; and Capt. Hilliard, in reply, answered for the courage and alacrity of his fellow soldiers. The Chaplain of the corps then consecrated the standard by a long prayer, after which the most distinguished part of the company retired to marquees on the ground, to partake of refreshments; *God save the King*, and *Rule Britannia*, being played by the band.—The ground was kept by the Buckinghamshire Cavalry, commanded by Lord Grenville, and the day being very fine, the spectacle was grand.

On Wednesday morning laft died, at her son's houfe in Holywell, Mrs. Meyfey, aged 87, widow of the late Mr. Meyfey, formerly an eminent Apothecary in this city.

On Wednesday morning a fire broke out at Mr. George Orger's, in High Wycombe, which consumed part of the premisses, but by the spirited exertions of Mr. Orger, and his neighbours, further damage was prevented.

ASSIZE OF BREAD.—The Peck Loaf, Houfhold, 17lb. 6oz. to be fold for 5s. 0d.

Saturday laft, while two labourers were reaping on the Ryemill Farm, in the parifh of Hampton, near Stratford, a very violent ftorm of thunder, lightning, and rain came on; and the poor fellows imprudently retreating under a tree for fhelter, were both killed by the lightning.—A cow was likewife killed at the fame evening near Feckeneam.

Lewes, Aug. 5. Our wool fair on Monday was numerouſly attended by Wool Staplers from London, and other parts, who bought up the wool of the preſent growers at 1s. below laſt year's prices, viz. 57s. per tod.

ASSIZES.—At Hereford, *Thomas Jones*, for a burglary in the houſe of Edmund Stallard, Eſq. of the Moor, in that county, attended by circumſtances of peculiar atrocity, received ſentence of *Death*, and was left for execution.—Five other priſoners for burglary, one for horſe-ſtealing, and one for ſheep-ſtealing, were ſentenced to die, but reprieved.—At Coventry, *W. Allen*, for ſheep-ſtealing, and *W. Smith*, for ſtealing a mare, received ſentence of *Death*, but were both reprieved—Of the thirteen priſoners condemned at Stafford, five are left for execution on this day, viz. *George Fearns*, for paſſing forged notes, and four others for horſe-ſtealing.

PREFERRED.—The Rev. Thomas Scott, of the Lock Hoſpital, to the Rectory of Aſton Sandford, Bucks, vacant by the death of the Rev. George Campbell Broadbelt.

MARRIED.—The Rev. Duncan Mackay, to Mrs. Spencer, of Bath.—The Rev. George Barrs, B. A. Curate of Rowley, to Mrs. M. Haden, of Haden Hill.—Mr. Richard Lowe, of Stratford, to Mrs. Procter, relict of Mr. T. Procter, Surgeon, of Leominſter.—At Aſhe, Hants, the Rev. H. Rice, to Miſs Lefroy, only daughter of the Rev. G. Lefroy, of Aſhe.—The Right Hon. Lord Aylmer, to Miſs L. Call, daughter of the late Sir J. Call, Bart.—At Wellingborough, Northamptonſhire, the Rev. W. Lockwood Maydell, of Geddington, in that county, to Miſs Mary Anne Hodſon, youngeſt daughter of John Hodſon, Eſq. of Wellingborough.—Mr. S. H. Teuſh, to Miſs Pollard, daughter of George Pollard, Eſq. of Greenhill, Halifax, Yorkſhire.

DIED.—Miſs Barbara Amelia Hicks, daughter of John Hicks, Eſq. of Bradenham Houſe, Bucks.—Robert Rowley, Eſq. of Friday Street, aged 47.—At Dorrington, near Shrewsbury, where he had been on a viſit to his brother, Benjamin Pryce, Eſq. of Bath.—Mrs. Egell, wife of the Rev. George Campbell Broadbelt.

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DIED.—